Hello Everyone,

Please review and share this joint public health reminder for animal exhibitors. This letter was issued by the California Department of Food and Agriculture and the California Department of Public Health. They have also provided informational flyers to inform the public about precautions to take around the animal exhibits. As we know the public enjoys viewing the 4-H project animals, this would help provide knowledge about proper health precautions.

Please contact the 4-H office with any questions or concerns.

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Public Health Reminder for Animal Exhibitors

Dear Owners and Operators of Animal Venues and Exhibits,

As the fair season is taking off, we would like to send a reminder emphasizing the importance of your role in maintaining the health of animals and protecting the health of visitors.

Over the past few weeks, several children have been infected with Shiga toxin-producing E. coli (STEC) that may be associated with exposure to farm animal exhibits at the San Diego County Fair. Investigation of the cases, including the death of a young boy due to complications of the disease, is ongoing.

It is important to remember that even animals that appear healthy can harbor and shed organisms harmful to people, and there is risk of transmission in settings where there is contact with infected animals or their potentially contaminated environments, such as at county fairs, petting zoos, educational farms, and similar venues.

We recognize and support the many positive benefits of contact with animals, and that safety and health is an integral part of positive experiences at these exhibits. To help ensure that everyone can enjoy these events and stay healthy, please remember that practicing proper hygiene, such as hand washing, is one of the easiest and most effective ways to prevent transmission of pathogens. Recommendations for reducing risks associated with animal contact include:

- Providing stations for handwashing at animal exhibit exits (including lower stations that children can reach); ensure proper function and keep the stations well stocked, cleaned and sanitized regularly.
- Providing highly visible signs for how and when guests should wash their hands. Signage and rules should include requiring close supervision of young children in animal areas and preventing them from putting thumbs, fingers, or other objects (grass, animal feed, pacifiers) in their mouths.
- Keeping eating areas separate, and provide signs prohibiting eating, drinking, or smoking in animal areas.
- Having clearly marked designated areas for visitors to leave strollers and related items (e.g. toys, baby bottles, pacifiers) outside of animal areas.
- Sanitizing barns, livestock areas, petting zoo locations, and equipment used for feeding, cleaning, and handling; monitoring animals regularly for signs of illness.
- Educating staff and visitors on disease risks and ways to mitigate those risks. Some individuals considered to be at high risk for serious illness (children less than 5 years old, pregnant women, or people with weakened immune system) should
take heightened precautions or avoid animal contact. We are attaching a poster conveying helpful prevention messages in English and Spanish for you to print and use in designated areas as appropriate.

For additional information and resources, including posters and signage:

CDC: https://www.cdc.gov/healthypets/specific-groups/stay-healthy-animal-exhibits.html
Compendium of Measures to Prevent Disease Associated with Animals in Public Settings: http://www.nasphv.org/documents/CompendiumAnimals.html
CDFA Fairs & Expositions: https://www.cdfa.ca.gov/Fairs_&_Expositions/Information/Animal_Exhibit_Signage.asp

Thank you for your attention and continued dedication.

Respectfully,

Charity Dean, MD, MPH
State Public Health Officer & Assistant Director

Annette Jones, DVM
State Veterinarian & Director

Attachment
Animals can spread GERMS!

REDUCE YOUR RISK

WASH YOUR HANDS after touching animals or visiting animal areas.

Do not put things in your mouth while visiting animal areas. (No food, drinks, baby bottles, or pacifiers.)

Pregnant women, the elderly, children under 5, and those with existing health conditions should take precautions or avoid contact with animals and animal areas.
¡Los animales pueden transmitir GÉRMENES!

DISMINUYA EL RIESGO

LÁVESE LAS MANOS después de tocar los animales o visitar áreas de animales.

No ponga cosas en su boca mientras visita áreas de animales. (No comida, bebidas, biberones ni chupetes.)

Las mujeres embarazadas, personas mayores, los niños menores de 5 años y las personas con condiciones médicas existentes deben tomar precauciones o evitar el contacto con animales y áreas de animales.